Product Code: 1008

NOTCH 3 Box 1.0 Typing Kit

In vitro diagnostics disposal

Instructions Manual



DESENVOLVIMENTO E PRODUÇÃO DE TESTES DE DIAGNÓSTICO

Version 1.1, May 2010.

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Presentation

This kit contains typing plates with dried primers mixes and PCR Master Mix for typing of codon 291, 141, 169, 182 e 455 polymorphism of NOTCH 3 gene.

Product Changes and Improvements

The NOTCH 3 Box specificity and interpretation tables are constantly updated, to include new NOTCH 3 mutations described. This product can also be improved in order to increase the yield of the specific PCR product.

The primers exchanged, added or modified, compared to the previous lot, are detailed in the table below.



Quality Control

The specificity of each primer solution of the kit has been tested using DNA samples from Genebox. Positive and negative results were obtained for each mutation. The NOTCH 3 Box 1.0 Typing kit has the Genebox quality warranty.

NOTCH 3 Box 1.0 Typing Kit Components

•	NOTCH 3 typing plate ⁺	(36 typings)
	18 plates (2 samples each plate)	(Keep at -30 / -15 °C)
•	PCR Master Mix (With Taq DN	A Polymerase)
	9 X 180 µl	(keep at -30 / -15°C)
•	PCR sealers	
	54 sealer caps	

Instructions manual

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⁺ With dried specific primers pares.

PCR Master Mix Components

Nucleotides

Final concentration of each dNTP: 600 µM

PCR Buffer

Final concentration: 3,3x NH₄ Buffer; 2,0 mM MgCl₂ and 0,4 U/ μ I Taq DNA polymerase, pH 8.3.

Glycerol

Final concentration: 16,6%

Cresol Red

Final concentration: 300µg/ml

PCR amplification protocol

Reagents

- DNA Sample (100-200 ng/µl)
- PCR Master Mix
- _{dd}H₂O (not supplied)

DNA Extraction

For SSP typing highly pure DNA is needed. We recommend isolation of DNA using any extraction kit with CE marking, which guarantees an OD ratio 260/280 higher than 1.6 and a 100ng – 200 ng/µl DNA concentration.

Alternatively, the DNA can be extracted using trimethyammoium-

bromide salts (DTAB/CTAB) or by salting out, dissolving it in dH₂O or

Buffer. The same OD and concentration values should be assured.

DO NOT USE HEPARINISED BLOOD WITH THIS METHOD

PCR Amplification

- 1. Spin briefly the DNA and Master Mix tubes.
- 2. Add:
 - 45 µl of PCR Master Mix,
 - 90 µl of ddH₂O,

to a 0,7 ml or 1,5 ml tube.

- 3. Vortex the tube vigorously for 15s.
- 4. Load **10 µI** of the mix into the Negative control well.
- Add 14 μl of DNA sample (conc. 100-200 ng / μl) to the PCR mix tube.
- Load 10 μl of the mix into each tube of the plate (10 primers pairs and 1 positive control).
- Repeat the previous steeps for other DNA sample to complete the typing plate (2 samples each).
- Close the typing plate with a strip cap (sealer cap) and put it in a 96 well thermo cycler.

PCR Cycling Parameters

Step	Temperature	time	Cycle
Denaturation	96 °C	1 min	1
Denaturation Annealing Extension	96 °C 70 °C 72 °C	25 sec 45 sec 30 sec	5
Denaturation Annealing Extension	96 °C 65 °C 72 °C	25 sec 45 sec 30 sec	21
Denaturation Annealing Extension	96 °C 55 °C 72 °C	25 sec 1 min 2 min	4
Extension	72 °C	10 min	1
Keep (optional)	4 °C	Infinite	1

- 9. Keep the plate at 2-8 °C after the PCR have finished.
- 10. Detect the PCR products with 2% agarose gel electrophoresis.
- 11. Use the results interpretation table to analyze your results.

Gel Electrophoresis protocol

PREPARING 2% AGAROSE GEL

- Dissolve 4 grams of electrophoresis grade agarose powder in 200 ml of 1X TAE buffer.
- 2. Melt the agarose powder completely in a microwave oven.
- 3. Cool the heated agarose gel to **50°C**.
- Add at least 10 µl of ethidium bromide⁺⁺ (10 mg/ml) or Sybr Safe[™] (100000 x concentrate) to the heated agarose. Stir until it is thoroughly incorporated.
- 5. On a balanced surface, set up a gel plate with 96 wells.
- 6. Cast a **5mm** thick gel on the plate.
- 7. Allow the gel to settle.

⁺⁺ **Caution**, this reagent is a strong mutagenic agent (read carefully its MSDS before using it).

GEL ELECTROPHORESIS

- 1. Submerge the gel in 1X TAE buffer in a gel box.
- 2. Gently remove the caps to avoid splashing of PCR products.
- 3. Load 10 µl into each well on the gel.
- Connect the electric leads and turn on the power supply (115V).
 Electrophoresis for ~ 20 minutes, or until 2/3 of the lane.
- 5. Transfer the gel onto a UV transilluminator, document the result by photography.
- 6. Use the *result interpretation table* (1 and 2) to interpret results.

NOTCH 3 Box 1.0 plate



* A numeração pode diferir de placa para placa: O nº 1 pode ser 4, 7, 10 O nº 2 pode ser 5, 8, 11 O nº 3 pode ser 6, 9, 12

NOTCH3 Box 1.0 Plate Identification

Position (sample 1)	Position (sample 2)	Gene	Polymorfic site
1a	2e	NOTCH3	G291T (rs2893732)
1b	2f	NOTCH3	G291T (rs2893732)
1c	2g	NOTCH3	Arg141Cys
1d	2h	NOTCH3	Arg141Cys
1e	3a	NOTCH3	R169C (rs28933696)
1f	3b	NOTCH3	R169C (rs28933696)
1g	3c	NOTCH3	R182C (rs28933697)
1h	3d	NOTCH3	R182C (rs28933697)
2a	3e	NOTCH3	C455R (rs28933698)
2b	3f	NOTCH3	C455R (rs28933698)
2c	3g	СР	
2d	3h	CN	

Results Interpretation Table

М	ix	Gene	Poymorphism	Allele	Specific band	Control band**
1a	3a	NOTCH3	71 (G291T) (rs2893732)	G	266	790
1b	3b	NOTCH3	71 (G291T) (rs2893732)	т	266	790
1c	3c	NOTCH3	Arg141Cys	Arg (C)	331	790
1d	3d	NOTCH3	Arg141Cys	Cys (T)	331	790
1e	3e	NOTCH3	R169C (rs28933696)	Arg (C)	248	790
1f	3f	NOTCH3	R169C (rs28933696)	Cys (T)	248	790
1g	3g	NOTCH3	R182C (rs28933697)	Arg (C)	264	790
1h	3h	NOTCH3	R182C (rs28933697)	Cys (T)	264	790
2a	4a	NOTCH3	C455R (rs28933698)	Cys (T)	849	790
2b	4b	NOTCH3	C455R (rs28933698)	Arg (C)	849	790
2e	4e		Controlo po	sitivo		790
2f	4f	Controlo negativo				
DNA1	DNA2					<u>.</u>

**Control primer pares match with non-allelic sequences. The internal positive control primer pairs amplify segments of the adenamoutous polyposis coli (PIC1) gene, giving rise to a 250 and 790 base pair fragment respectively.

In the presence of the specific band amplification the control band intensity often decreases.

The PCR reaction is only valid in the presence of control band or, in some cases, in the presence of the specific band.

In the absence of the control band, please repeat the typing.

If your PCR bands have different sizes from the expected, do not consider them, may be non-specific or artifacts.

Troubleshooting Guide

PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE CAUSES	SUGGESTIONS
The control and specific		Check DNA quality and concentration
	Concentration of DNA sample is too low.	Re-extract the DNA sample or try not add water into the PCR Mix
bands are weak.		Repeat typing with a good quality DNA sample
	DNA polymerase inhibitors in the	Re-purify the sample DNA
	DNA sample	Repeat typing with a good quality DNA sample
	DNA polymerase inhibitors in the	Re-purify the sample DNA
Missing internal control	DNA sample.	Repeat typing with a good quality DNA sample
bands in one or several lanes.		Check the plate sealing
	Dried PCR amplification products	Repeat the typing using a PCR MicroMat and/or overlay the PCR reaction mix with mineral oil
False negative of a specific band while the internal		Re-extract the DNA sample with fresh material
control appears normal	Degradation of DNA sample	Repeat typing with a good quality DNA sample
		Check DNA quality and concentration
More than two specific alleles are detected/	Excess of template DNA	Dissolve the DNA sample in _{dd} H2O in order to have the proper concentration
		Repeat typing with a good quality DNA sample
	Contamination with previously amplified PCR products or with other DNA samples during the DNA extraction or PCR preparation steps	Clean the working area
Ambiguous results		Work in separated pre-PCR and post-PCR rooms
		Keep different lab coats in pre-PCR and post- PCR rooms
		Change protective gloves frequently
		Repeat typing with a good quality DNA sample
	Demodellen of DNA and	Re-extract the DNA sample with fresh material
	Degradation of DNA sample	Repeat typing with a good quality DNA sample
Blurred bands		Check DNA quality and concentration
	Excess of template DNA	Dissolve the DNA sample in _{dd} H2O in order to have the proper concentration
		Repeat typing with a good quality DNA sample
	Electrophoresis Buffer Problems: wrong buffer or older buffer	Use a fresh recommended buffer

Precautions and Warnings

PCR amplification allows the amplification of small quantities of sample DNA in an exponential way. However, this is also true for foreign DNA, which can contaminate our PCR method. Consequently, special laboratory practices are necessary in order to avoid false positive amplifications. Bellow is listed Genebox recommendations to circumvent contaminations:

- Work in separated pre-PCR and post-PCR rooms.

- Laboratory workflow must be unidirectional, from pre-PCR to post-PCR area.

- Specific equipment for each working area must be used (sample preparation, amplification and preamplification).

- All equipment used in post-PCR should not leave this area.

- Use dedicated micropipettes, gloves and lab coats in each area.

- Use non talcum powder gloves (since talcum could inhibit the PCR reaction).

- Use filter tips in order to avoid cross contamination.

- Check regularly micropipettes, in order to ensure that they are accurate within 5 % of fixed volume.

- Use different micropipettes depending on the volume we wish to load.

- Check regularly thermocyclers, in order to ensure that they are accurate within 1% of fixed temperature.

- Open and close reagent vials carefully. After use, close vials and store at indicated temperatures.

- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.

- packaging material included within the kit is resistant to the indicated storage conditions. Storage at different conditions can cause breakage of the material, and possible contamination of the kit reagents.

- plastic material included within the kit is resistant under normal conditions of use. Use of plastic material in extreme conditions may cause its breakage, and therefore, the impossibility to use the kit.

- check suitability of DNA quantity and quality before use the kit.

General instructions for laboratory safety:

- do not eat, drink or smoke in laboratory work areas

- wear disposable gloves
- wear clean lab coats and eye protection
- wash hands thoroughly after handling specimens and test reagents
- clean the working area before and after kit handling.
- do not pipette by mouth.

Technical Guide

1. DNA Quality and Concentration

For optimal results with the NOTCH 3 Box 1.0 Typing Kit[™] the quality of DNA is critical. Good quality DNA means an OD ratio 260/280 higher than 1.6 and the major portion of DNA should run higher than 9.4 kb on an agarose gel. Different quality and concentration values require DNA re-extraction.

The quantity of DNA should be 100ng – 200 ng/ μ l. Excess of DNA can cause unspecific amplification.

We recommend any DNA extraction kit which has CE marking, in order to obtain this highly DNA purity

2. Taq Polymerase

NOTCH 3 Box 1.0 Typing Kit[™] kits have been intensively tested with the Taq DNA Reagente 5 (Reagente 5, Lisbon, Portugal).

3. PCR Master Mix

For optimal results with the NOTCH 3 Box 1.0 Typing KitTM the use of master mix supplied is obligatory.

4. Amplification Procedure

At the end of PCR, examine the degree of evaporation and condensation of PCR reaction mixture. If there is more than 20% volume loss do not validate the results. In order to prevent this you should overlay the PCR reaction mixture with mineral oil or use a MicroMat. It is also a good practice to maintain QC records on the heating lid.

If the temperature of the heating lid is not high enough, it will cause condensation problems on the lid.

5. Thermal Cycler

We recommend the use of any thermocycler with the following characteristics: - heating rate up to 2.5° C/sec; cooling rate up to 1.5° C/sec; temperature range 4-100°C; temperature uniformity $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C; heated lid up to 100°C.

6. Validity

As specified in the package

If your problems persist, do not hesitate to contact our technical support + 351 231 410 946

Guarantee

geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests guarantees that the primers in HLA-ABC Box typing kit have the specificities given in the Results Interpretations Sheet/Tables of the product insert.

1. Typing plate

Stored at -20°C, the dried primers are stable for 12 to 19 months from the date of manufacture (see lot validity in the package).

Stored at 4°C, the dried primers are stable for 12 months from the date of manufacture (see lot validity in the package also).

At room temperature, the dried primers are stable for 3 to 4 weeks from the date of the reception.

When the sealer is removed the dried primers steal be stable for 2 days, maximum, in dried conditions.

2. PCR Master Mix

When stored at -20°C, the PCR Master Mix is stable for 18 months from the date of manufacture (see lot validity in the package).

When stored at 4°C, the Master mix is stable for 15 days from the date of the reception.

At room temperature, the master mix steal be stable for 3 days from the date of the reception.

The master mix should not be left or stored with the cap open.

3. DNA

Using extracted DNA from salting out or any kit procedure the samples should be stored at 4°C or -20°C.

The DNA samples stored in dH_2O are stable for 2 to 4 weeks (at 4°C) or more than 24 months (at -20°C).

The DNA samples stored in buffer are stable for more than 12 months (at 4°C) or more than 5 years (at -20°C).

Warranty

geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests warrants its products to the client against defects in materials and contents under normal application. The company products under this warranty shall be replaced, at no charge, to the damaged client.

This warranty applies only to products that have been handled and stored in accordance with its recommendations/specifications.

The claims must be posted directly to geneBOX in writing and must be accompanied by a copy of the purchaser's invoice.

This product may not be reformulated, repacked or resold in any form without geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests consent.

Declaration of conformity

Product Name: NOTCH 3 Box

Product Number: GB.10.08

Intended use: NOTCH 3 polymorphism testing.

Manufacturer: geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests, Biocant – centro de inovação em biotecnologia núcleo 4, lote 3 3060-197 Cantanhede, Portugal

We, geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests, hereby declare that this product, to which this declaration of conformity relates, is in conformity with the following standards and other normative documents ISO 9001:2008 and ISO 13485:2003, following the provisions of the 98/79/EC Directive on *in vitro* diagnostic medical devices as transposed into the national laws of the Member States of the European Union.

The technical file of the product is maintained at geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests, Biocant Park, Parque tecnológico de Cantanhede, 3060-197 Cantanhede, Portugal.

Sandra Balseiro Technical Director

Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) (1/3)

geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests[™] PCR-SSP Kits

geneBOX [™] PCR-SSP typing products

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) applies to all geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests SSP™ typing kits

1. Chemical products and company identification

Date of Issue:	May 2010	
Product group:	geneBOX [™] PCR-SSP Typing Products	
Manufacturer:	geneBOX - R&D Diagnostic Tests,	
	biocant – centro de inovação em biotecnologia	
	núcleo 4, lote 3	
	3060-197 cantanhede, portugal	
tel/fax:	+351 231 410 946/ +351 231 410 947	
e-mail:	info@genebox.com	

2. Composition and reagents information

Component	Chemical	Common Name
Plate	Deoxyribonucleic acid Cresol Red	Oligonucleotide
PCR Master Mix	Deoxyribonucleotides NH4 Buffer	Nucleotides
	Magnesium chloride Cresol Red	MgCI2
	Glycerol	Glycerine

3. Physic-chemical properties:

Components	Appearance	Colour	Odour
Plate	dried, in plate wells	Red	none
Master Mix	liquid	Pink/red	none

4. Toxicological information

Chemical	Toxicities
Glycerol	LD50= oral 4090 mg/kg (mouse)
	LD50= oral 12600 mg/kg (rat)
	LD50= oral 1480 mg/kg (human)

5. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid: Heat and moisture. **Incompatibilities:** Strong oxidizing agents, strong bases.

Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) (2/3)

6. Personal protection.

Hand protection: Wear appropriate chemically resistant gloves. Eye protection: Chemical safety goggles are recommended. Skin protection: Wear laboratory coat.

7. Handling and storage

Handling: Avoid substance contact. Storage: Protect from light. Store at temperature indicated on package. Package Damage: reject damaged components.

8. Hazards

Master Mix Components: may be harmful by inhalation, ingestion or skin absorption. May cause eye and skin irritation. Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. **Ingestion** of large amounts can cause stomach pains, vomiting or diarrhoea.

9. First aid measures

In case of eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

In case of skin contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and large amounts of water. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of ingestion: Wash out mouth with water provided person is conscious. Call a physician if needed.

In case of inhalation: remove to fresh air, if not breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

10. Fire fighting measures

Extinguishing media: Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or appropriate foam.

Extinguishing media NOT to use: None are known.

Special exposure hazards: May emit toxic fumes of carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen, phosphorus, hydrogen chloride, and hydrogen gas under fire conditions.

Special fire-fighting equipment: When large amounts of substances are released work only with self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

11. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Avoid substance contact. No further requirements. **Cleaning Method:** Clean up affected area. No further requirements.

Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) (2/3)

12. Ecological information

No data available.

13. Waste disposal information

Waste disposes in accordance with all applicable regulations (the disposals should be incinerated).

14. Transport information

During transportation the temperature could not exceed 25°C. Transportation should not exceed 3 days.

15. Other information

The above information is based on our current level of knowledge, but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. *geneBOX* - *R&D Diagnostic Tests* shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above products.

If your problems persist, do not hesitate to contact our technical support

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biocant – centro de inovação em biotecnologia núcleo 4, lote 3 3060-197 cantanhede portugal

tel + 351 231 410 946 fax + 351 231 410 947 e-mail info@genebox.com www.genebox.com